

# The Gazette of India

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**No. 5] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1963/MAGHA 13, 1884**


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**NOTICE**

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 19th January 1963 :—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
14	G.S.R. 124, dated 16th January, 1963.	Ministry of Finance	Corrigendum.
15	G.S.R. 125, dated 18th January, 1963.	Ministry of Food & Agriculture.	*Authorising the Director of Food Supplies, Government of Orissa to determine the average market rate of rice or paddy in such locality in the State of Orissa aforesaid.
16	G.S.R. 126, dated 19th January, 1963.	Ministry of Food & Agriculture.	The Sugarcane (Control) Amendment Order, 1963.
17	G.S.R. 127, dated 19th January, 1963.	Ministry of Finance	Prohibiting entry into India by Sea or land any issue of the under newspaper entitles "Daily Jang, Karachi".
18	G.S.R. 128, dated 19th January, 1963.	Do.	The Wealth-tax (Exemption of Heirloom Jewellery of Rulers) Amendment Rules, 1963.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

**PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)**

**General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).**

**MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS**

*New Delhi, the 18th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 162.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Union territories (Laws) Act, 1950 (30 of 1950), the Central Government hereby extends to the Union territory of Manipur, the West Bengal Collective Fines Act, 1950 (West Bengal Act XXXIX of 1950), as at present in force in the State of West Bengal, subject to the following modifications, namely:—

*Modifications*

In the said Act,—

1. for the expression "State Government", wherever it occurs, the expression "Chief Commissioner" shall be substituted;

2. in section 1, for sub-section (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted:—

"(2) It extends to the whole of the Union territory of Manipur.

(3) It shall come into force at once."

3. after section 1, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"1-A. Definitions.—In this Act—

(a) 'Chief Commissioner' means the Chief Commissioner of the Union territory of Manipur; and

(b) 'Official Gazette' means the Manipur Gazette.";

4. in section 2—

(i) in sub-section (3)—

(a) for the words "The Commissioner of Police in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere", the words "The District Magistrate," shall be substituted; and

(b) for the words "Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be", the words "District Magistrate" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in the Explanation, clause (a) shall be omitted; and

5. section 3 shall be omitted.

**ANNEXURE****THE WEST BENGAL COLLECTIVE FINES ACT, 1950**

(West Bengal Act XXXIX of 1950) as extended to the Union Territory of Manipur

*An Act to provide for the imposition of collective fines.*

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the imposition of collective fines in connection with acts prejudicially affecting the maintenance of public order;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. **Short title and commencement.**—(1) This Act may be called the **West Bengal Collective Fines Act, 1950.**

(2) It extends to the whole of the Union territory of Manipur.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

1-A. **Definitions.**—In this Act—

(a) ‘Chief Commissioner’ means the Chief Commissioner of the Union territory of Manipur; and

(b) “Official Gazette” means the Manipur Gazette.

2. **Imposition of collective fine on inhabitants of area.**—(1) If it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the inhabitants of any area are concerned in or abetting the commission of acts prejudicially affecting the maintenance of public order (which expression “public order” shall, without prejudice to the generality of its meaning, include public safety and communal harmony) or are harbouring persons concerned in the commission of such acts, or are failing to render all the assistance in their power to discover or apprehend such persons, or are suppressing material evidence of the commission of such acts, the Chief Commissioner may, by notification in the Official Gazette, impose a collective fine on the inhabitants of that area.

(2) The Chief Commissioner or any officer empowered in this behalf by the Chief Commissioner may, by general or special order, exempt any person or class or section of such inhabitants from liability to pay the whole or any part of the fine apportioned to them.

(3) The District Magistrate, after such enquiry as he may deem necessary by himself or some other officer deputed for the purpose, shall apportion such fine amongst the inhabitants who are liable collectively to pay it and such apportionment shall be made according to the judgement of the District Magistrate of the respective means of such inhabitants.

(4) The portion of such fine payable by any person may be recovered—

(a) in the manner provided by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), for the recovery of fines imposed by a Court:

Provided that the Chief Commissioner may, in lieu of the rules referred to in sub-section (2) of section 386 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), make rules under this Act regulating the manner in which warrants under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of the said section of the said Code are to be executed, and for the summary determination of any claims made by any person other than the person liable to pay the fine in respect of any property attached in execution of the warrant; or

(b) as arrears of land revenue.

**Explanation.**—For the purposes of this section—

(a) Omitted.

(b) the expression “inhabitants of an area” includes persons who themselves or by their agents or servants occupy or hold land or other immovable property within such area, and landlords who themselves or by their agents or servants collect rents from holders or occupiers of land in such area, notwithstanding that they do not actually reside therein.

3. **Bar to legal proceedings.**—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings whatsoever shall lie against any person for or in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

4. **Power to make rules.**—The Chief Commissioner may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

5. **Savings.**—Omitted.

[No. F. 5/4/62-Judl.II-UTL.56.]

P. N. KAUL, Dy. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 21st January 1963*

**G.S.R. 163.**—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) and the first proviso to sub-rule (2), of rule 4 of the I.A.S. (Cadre) Rules, 1954, the Central Government, in consultation with the Government of Gujarat, hereby makes the following further amendments in the I.A.S. (Fixation of Cadre Strength) Regulations, 1955.

*Amendment*

In the Schedule to the said Regulations, for the entries relating to "Gujarat" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"1. Senior posts under State Government	68
Chief Secretary to Government	1
Secretaries to Government	7
Development Commissioner	1
Commissioners of Divisions	3
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Ahmedabad	1
District Development Officers	17
Deputy Secretaries to Government	12
Secretary to Governor	1
Collectors	17
Additional Collector	1
Registrar of Co-operative Societies	1
Commissioner of Labour	1
Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records	1
Director of Transport and Inspector General of Prisons	1
Director of Social Welfare	1
Commissioner of Sales Tax	1
Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax	1
	<hr/> 68
2. Senior posts under Central Government	27
	<hr/> 95
3. Posts to be filled by promotion and selection in accordance with rule 8 of the I.A.S. (Recruitment) Rules, 1954	23
4. Posts to be filled by direct recruitment	72
5. Deputation Reserve @15% of 4 above	11
6. Leave Reserve @11% of 4 above	8
7. Junior posts @20-60% of 4 above	15
8. Training Reserve @10-59% of 4 above	8
	<hr/> 114
Director Recruitment Posts	23
Promotion Posts	<hr/> 137"
Total Authorised Strength	

[No. 6/5/63--AIS(I).]

*New Delhi, the 25th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 164.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the All India Services Act, 1951 (61 of 1951), the Central Government, after consultation with the Governments of the States concerned, hereby

makes the following rules further to amend the Indian Police Service (Probation) Rules, 1954, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Indian Police Service (Probation) Amendment Rules, 1963.

2. In the Indian Police Service (Probation) Rules, 1954, for the first proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 11, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that before any action is taken against a probationer under this sub-rule, the procedure prescribed in rule 5 of the All India Services (Discipline and Appeal) Rules, 1955, shall be followed."

[No. 2/1/62-AIS(I).]

**G.S.R. 165.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the All India Services Act, 1951 (61 of 1951), the Central Government, after consultation with the Governments of the States concerned, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Indian Administrative Service (Probation) Rules, 1954, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Indian Administrative Service (Probation) Amendment Rules, 1963.

2. In the Indian Administrative Service (Probation) Rules, 1954, for the first proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 11, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that before any action is taken against a probationer under this sub-rule, the procedure prescribed in rule 5 of the All India Services (Discipline and Appeal) Rules, 1955, shall be followed."

[No. 2/1/62-AIS(I).]

K. S. N. MURTHY, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 24th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 166.**—In pursuance of the provisions of section 6 of the Notaries Act, 1952 (53 of 1952), the Central Government hereby publishes a list of the Notaries appointed by them and in practice at the beginning of the year, 1963.

No.	Name of Notary	Residential & Professional address	Qualifications	Area in which he is authorised to practise	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Shri Chakravarthi Doraswamy.	Regal House Mc Lean Street, Madras.	Advocate, Madras High Court.	Whole of India.	..
2	Shri Gordon Frederick Muirhead.	C/o Messrs King and Partridge Solicitors and Notaries Public, 17A, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bangalore (Mysore State).	Solicitor of the Supreme Court in England, Attorney-at-Law, Madras High Court, and Advocate, Mysore High Court.	Do.	..

1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Shri Rustom Ardeshir Gagrati.	C/o Messrs Gagrati and Company, Solicitors and Notary Public, Ali Chambers, Meadows Street, Bombay-1.	Advocate, Bombay High Court.	Whole of India.	..
4	Shri Lalitmohan Chunilal Gandhi.	Ardesar Kotwal Road, Surat.	Do.	Surat District.	..
5	Shri Bata Krishan Banarji.	Koonja Nibas, 23-A, Sardar Sankar Road, P.S. Tollygunge, Calcutta.	Advocate, Calcutta High Court.	Whole of India.	..
6	Shri Saurendra Mohan Basu.	9, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Attorney-at-Law, Calcutta High Court.	Do.	..
7	Shri Bhagwati Prasad Khaitan.	1B, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
8	Shri Tulsi Kumar Banerji.	Temple Chambers, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
9	Shri Rabindra Krishna Deb.	Temple Chambers, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Attorney-at-Law, Calcutta High Court.	Do.	..
10	Shri Sisir Kumar Ghosh.	C/o Basu & Co., Solicitors, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
11	Shri Arunendra Nath Tagore.	6, Hastings Street, Ballygunge, Calcutta.	Solicitor, Calcutta High Court.	West Bengal	..
12	Shri Himansu Prakash Ganguli.	4, Issur Dutt Lane, Howrah, West Bengal.	Advocate, Calcutta High Court.	Whole of India.	..
13	Shri Framjee Cursetjee Heerjeebhoy Rustomjee.	5 & 7, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.	Solicitor, Calcutta High Court.	Do.	..
14	Shri Sudhir Kumar Dey Mullick.	Do.	Attorney-at-law, Calcutta High Court.	Do.	..
15	Shri Heramba Nath Bhattacharjee.	Do.	Do.	Do.	..
16	Shri Rash Mohan Chatterji.	C/o Messrs. Orr, Dignam & Company, Solicitors, 29 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.	Solicitor, Calcutta High Court.	West Bengal, Assam, Bihar, U.P. and Punjab.	..
17	Shri Prabhudayal Himatsingka.	6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Attorney-at-Law, Calcutta High Court.	Whole of India.	..
18	Shri Basil Gill	5 & 7, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
19	Shri Harry Arthur Fowler	7, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..

1	2	3	4	5	6
20	Shri Thomas Cyril Hornby.	C/o Messrs. Orr, Dignam and Coy. 29, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.	Attorney-at-Law Calcutta High Court.	West Bengal Assam, Bihar, Orissa, U.P. and Punjab.	..
21	Shri Amer Kumar Ray.	6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Whole of India.	..
22	Shri Sachindra Chandra Deb	C/o Messrs. G. C. Chunder and Co., Temple Chambers, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do	..
23	Shri Punyabrata Bose.	10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
24	Shri Victor Elias Moses	6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
25	Shri David Platt Dunderdale.	C/o Messrs Sander- sons & Morgans, So- licitors, Royal In- surance Building, 5 and 7, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.	..
26	Shri Adwaita Nath Sil.	Do.	Do.	Do.	..
27	Shri Bhusan Bose	C/o Messrs Orr, Dignam & Com- pany, 29, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta	Do.	Calcutta & the States of West Bengal, Bihar, U.P., Pun- jab, Assam and Orissa.	..
28	Shri Mulkh Raj Wadhawan.	Advocate, Jullundur City, Punjab.	Advocate, Punjab High Court.	Whole of India.	..
29	Shri Pashupati Nath Ghosh.	C/o Kar, Mehta & Company, Soli- citors, 11, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Solicitor, Calcutta High Court.	Do.	..
30	Shri Manoharlal Kapur.	3/9, Patel Nagar (East), New Delhi.	Advocate, Punjab High Court.	Union Terri- tory of Delhi.	..
31	Shri Raghu Nath	Flat 8-A, New Cen- tral Market (Shank- er Market) Connaught Circus, New Delhi.	Advocate, Supreme Court.	Whole of India.	..
32	Shri Herpershad Mehra.	No. 3060, Charkhe- walan, Delhi.	Do.	Union Ter- ritory of Delhi.	..
33	Shri Milawa Kalia.	33/16, Rajendra Nag- ar, New Delhi.	Advocate, Punjab High Court.	Do.	..

1	2	3	4	5	6
34	Shri Ganga Bishan Kapur.	318, G.T. Road, Julundur City, Punjab.	Advocate, Punjab High Court.	Punjab and U.P.	..
35	Shri Mehr Chand Mehra.	161, Model Town, Ambala City, Punjab.	Do.	Ambala District of the Punjab.	..
36	Shri Ram Ditta Mal	7/13, Patel Nagar (East), New Delhi.	Advocate, Supreme Court.	Union Territory of Delhi, Rajasthan, Punjab & U.P.	..
37	Shri Bhagat Hans Raj	14 B/7, Original Road, Karolbagh, New Delhi.	Advocate, Punjab High Court.	Union Territory of Delhi.	..
38	Shri Chaman Lal Sethi.	Sunder Singh, Building, Abdul Aziz Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi.	Pleader	Do.	..
39	Shri Gopi Nath Bharadwaj.	26/183-184, Patel Nagar West, New Delhi.	Advocate, Punjab High Court and Supreme Court.	Do.	..
40	Shri Brij Bahadur Agnihotri.	Sitapur, Uttar Pradesh.	Vakil	Uttar Pradesh	..
41	Shri Salil Kumar Chatterji.	10, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Solicitor, Calcutta High Court and Advocate, Supreme Court.	Whole of India.	..
42	Shri Chaman Lal Arora.	10, New Court Road, Amritsar, Punjab.	Advocate	Amritsar, District Punjab.	..
43	Shri Damodar Devji Damodar.	C/o Kanga & Co., Solicitor, Ready Money Mansions, Church Gate Street, Bombay.	Solicitors	Maharashtra	..
44	Shri Nawal S. Phatarpkekar.	C/o Messrs Crawford Bayley & Co., State Bank Building, Bank Street, Bombay.	Advocate and Attorney, Bombay High Court.	Whole of India.	..
45	Shri Deba Prasad Ghosh.	7, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	Attorney	Do.	..
46	Shri Nathmal Himatsingka.	6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Attorney	Do.	..
47	Shri Ram Kishan Garg.	Vakil, 6456, Rawatpara, Agra.	Vakil	Agra District.	..

[No. 24/1/63-Notts.]

B. D. JAYAL, Dy. Secy.



## CORRIGENDUM

*New Delhi, the 28th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 167.**—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs No. 4/9/61-Judl.II/UTL-52, dated the 19th October 1962 published as G.S.R. 1389 at pages 1666 to 1668 of the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), dated the 27th October 1962/5th Kartika 1884,—

- (1) at page 1666, in the preamble in line 4, for "Act 15 or 1947" read "Act 15 of 1947"; and
- (2) at page 1667, in line 13. for "as follows—" read "as follows:—".

[No. F. 4/9/61-Judl.II.]

P. N. KAUL, Dy. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 28th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 168.**—Whereas difficulty has arisen in the initial constitution of the Delhi and Himachal Pradesh Civil Service in accordance with rule 4 of the Delhi and Himachal Pradesh Civil Service Rules, 1961;

And whereas it is considered necessary to relax the provisions of the said rules for the purpose of removing the difficulty;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by rule 36 of the said rules, the Central Government, in consultation with the Union Public Service Commission, hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. (i) This Order may be called the Delhi and H.P. Civil Service (Removal of Difficulties) Order, 1963;
- (ii) It shall come into force with effect from 4th January, 1963.
2. Out of the authorised permanent strength of the said Service, three posts of Grade II shall be upgraded as Grade I posts.
3. The first three vacancies in Grade I (including the three upgrade posts), arising after the initial constitution of the said Service on account of superannuation, or confirmation in the Indian Administrative Service, or otherwise, shall not be filled and the posts so vacated shall be treated as Grade II posts.

[No. F. 6/29/61-Delhi(I).]

A. V. VENKATASUBBAN, Dy. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 19th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 169.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) read with sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1961 (23 of 1961), the Central Government hereby declares the atlas in Hindi entitled "Oxford School Atlas" by John Bartholomew, printed at John Bartholomew and son Ltd., Edinburgh, Scotland and published by Geoffrey Cumberlege, Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1, and every copy of the said atlas and all other documents containing copies, reprints and translation of, or extracts from, the said atlas to be forfeited to the Government on the ground that the maps at pages 8, 14-15, 19, 21, and 37 contained in the said atlas, the publication of which is punishable under section 2 of the said Act, question the territorial integrity and frontiers of India in a manner which is likely to be prejudicial to the interests of the safety and security of India by reason of the depiction therein of the State of Jammu and Kashmir as not belonging to India.

[No. 37/15/61-Poll(I).]

## ORDER

*New Delhi, the 23rd January 1963*

**G.S.R. 170.**—Whereas in the opinion of the Central Government the issue dated the 25th November, 1962 of the Urdu newspaper entitled "Daily Jang,

Rawalpindi", edited by Mir Jamil-ul-Rahman and printed and published by Mir Khalil-ul-Rahman and printed at the Jang Printing Press, Rawalpindi, contains a prejudicial report as defined in clause (7) of rule 35 of the Defence of India Rules, 1962;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by rule 45 of the Defence of India Rules, 1962, the Central Government hereby prohibits the further sale or distribution of the said issue or any extract therefrom or of any translation thereof, and the sale or distribution of any subsequent issue of the said newspaper and declares the said issues and every copy or translation thereof or extract therefrom, to be forfeited to Government.

[No. 59/10/62-Poll(I).]

*New Delhi, the 28th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 171.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 40 of the Defence of India Act, 1962 (51 of 1962), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers conferred on it by rule 6 read with rule 7 of the Defence of India Rules, 1962, shall, in respect of the places specified in column (1) of the Schedule hereto annexed, being protected places, be exercisable also by the officers mentioned in corresponding entry in column (2) of the said Schedule.

#### SCHEDULE

(1)	(2)
1. India Security Press, Nasik Road (including Old Currency Note Press, Central Stamp Store and New Currency Note Press).	(1) Master, India Security Press. (2) Deputy Master, India Security Press.
2. India Government Mint, Bombay.	(1) Master, India Government Mint. (2) Deputy Master, India Government Mint.
3. India Government Mint, Alipore, Calcutta.	(1) Master, India Government Mint. (2) Deputy Master, India Government Mint.
4. India Government Mint, Hyderabad— (a) Main Factory Building. (b) Mint House Building.	Deputy Master, India Government Mint.
5. Silver Refinery, Calcutta, Premises Nos. 47-48 and 68-69.	General Manager, Silver Refinery.

[No. F. 21/36/62-Poll(I).]  
N. SAHGAL, Jt. Secy.

#### ORDER

*New Delhi, the 24th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 172.**—In pursuance of clause (22) of Article 366 of the Constitution of India, the President is hereby pleased to recognise Thakor Saheb Shri Surendrasinhji as the Ruler of Savla (Gujarat) with effect from the 25th October 1962 in succession to the late Thakor Saheb Shri Karansinhji.

[No. F. 16/28/62-Poll.III.]

V. VISWANATHAN, Secy.

# CORRIGENDA

*New Delhi, the 22nd January 1963*

**G.S.R. 173.**—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs G.S.R. 91 [F. 3/6/62-Poll(Spl)], dated the 10th January, 1963, published at pages 29 to 31 of the Gazette of India Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), dated the 10th January, 1963, Pausa 20, 1884,—

at page 31, rule 131-B(5),—

- (i) line 1, for 'provision' read 'provisions'.
- (ii) line 2, for 'cognisance' read 'cognizance'.

[No. F. 3/6/62-Poll(Spl).]

K. R. PRABHU, Dy. Secy.

# CORRIGENDUM

**G.S.R. 174.**—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, No. G.S.R. 1515 (F. 25/1/62-F. I), dated the 13th November, 1962, published at page 1852 of the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section(1), dated the 17th November, 1962, for "paragraph 3" read "paragraph 4".

[No. 2/1/62-Intt.]

T. K. RAMAKRISHNAN, Under Secy.

# MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)

*New Delhi, the 22nd January 1963*

**G.S.R. 175.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (2) of article 77 read with clause (1) of article 299 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to make the following rule, namely:—

The Agreement amending the Agreement dated the 12th December, 1962, between the Government of the Republic of India and the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany concerning financial assistance amounting to DM 470 million and the connected documents shall be executed and authenticated on behalf of the President by the Ambassador of India in the Federal Republic of Germany.

Dated at New Delhi, this 22nd day of January, 1963.

[No. F. 2(1)-FCII/63.]

*New Delhi, the 23rd January 1963*

**G.S.R. 176.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (2) of article 77 read with clause (1) of article 299 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to make the following rule, namely:—

The Guarantee Agreement between the Government of India and the Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau, Frankfurt/Main for a credit of DM 15 million to the Hindustan Steel Ltd. from the Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau shall be executed and authenticated on behalf of the President by the Ambassador of India in the Federal Republic of Germany.

Dated at New Delhi this 23rd day of January, 1963.

[No. F. 2(49)-FC.II/62.]

**G.S.R. 177.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (2) of article 77 read with clause (1) of article 299 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to make the following rule, namely:—

The agreement between the Government of India and the Government of New Zealand for a credit of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Pounds Sterling (£ 250,000) for the purpose of financing purchase of wool in New Zealand shall be executed and authenticated on behalf of the President by Shri V. K. Ahuja, Charge d' Affaires, High Commission of India in New Zealand.

Dated at New Delhi, this 23rd day of January, 1963.

[No. F. 9(5)-FC.II/63.]

By order and in the name of the President,

K. S. SUNDARA RAJAN, Jt. Secy.

**(Department of Expenditure)**

*New Delhi, the 25th January 1963* ...

**G.S.R. 178.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution and after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, the President hereby makes the following regulations further to amend the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

1. These Regulations may be called the Civil Service (Amendment) Regulations, 1963.
2. In the Civil Service Regulations, articles 194 and 194-A, shall be omitted.

[No. F. 5(13)E.IVA/62.]

**G.S.R. 179.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, and after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, the President hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Fundamental Rules, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Fundamental (Amendment) Rules, 1963.
2. In the Fundamental Rules, in Rule 14, for Note 1 under clause (d), the following Note shall be substituted, namely:—

“Note 1.—This clause shall also apply to a post in a selection grade of a cadre”.

[No. F. 9(7)-E.IV(A)/62.]

RABI RAY, Dy. Secy.

**(Department of Revenue)**

MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS

*New Delhi, the 26th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 180.**—In pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 60 of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1956, the Central Government hereby declares the new medicinal preparation specified in Table A as a restricted preparation, and the new medicinal preparations specified in Table B, as unrestricted preparations and further directs that the preparation specified in the said Table A be included in the Schedule.

## TABLE A

(Restricted Preparations)

## MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS

**Mixir Tysobin** manufactured by M/s. Shetty's Pharmaceuticals and Biologicals Ltd., Hyderabad.

## TABLE B

(Unrestricted Preparations)

## MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS

**Shetty's Gripe Mixture** manufactured by M/s. Shetty's Pharmaceuticals and Biologicals Ltd., Hyderabad.

**Baby Lonel** manufactured by M/s. Shetty's Pharmaceuticals and Biologicals Ltd., Hyderabad.

[No. 5.]

## (Department of Revenue)

## CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE

*New Delhi, the 26th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 181.**—The following draft of rules further to amend the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 27th February, 1963.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

*Draft Rules*

1. These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1963.

2. In the First Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, after the existing item at Serial No. 50 and entries relating thereto, the following shall be added, namely:—

“51. Matches, namely:—

- |     |   |
|-----|---|
| 40s | Nine rupees and seventy-nine naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.    |
| 45s | Eleven rupees and one naya paisa per one hundred gross boxes.           |
| 55s | Thirteen rupees and forty naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.       |
| 60s | Fourteen rupees and sixty-eight naye paise per one hundred gross boxes. |
| 70s | Seventeen rupees and thirteen naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.   |
| 75s | Eighteen rupees and thirty-five naye paise per one hundred gross boxes. |

80s	Nineteen rupees and fifty-seven naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.
90s	Twenty-two rupees and two naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.
95s	Twenty-three rupees and twenty-four naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.
100s	Twenty-four rupees and forty-six naye paise per one hundred gross boxes.

[No. 8/F. No. 34/259/60-Cus.IV.]

**G.S.R. 182.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3) of section 43B, namely:—

#### Amendment

1. These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1963.

2. In the First Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, for the existing sub-item (5) (ix) at Serial No. 2 and entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(ix) Polythene moulding powder:—

- (a) Subject to 'Set-off' against imports. Two hundred and ten rupees per quintal.

Provided that the exporter produces evidence to the satisfaction of Customs Collector that a quantity of 105 Kg. of polythene M.P. has been imported for each 100 Kg. of product exported within a period of eighteen months immediately preceding the date of such exportation and that this quantity of imported polythene M.P. has not been

- (i) similarly correlated to and accounted for against any other previous exportation of polythene product or,  
(ii) previously re-exported as such or in any other form with or without claim for drawback.

Provided further that in the case of export being made by an exporter on behalf of a manufacturer of articles made of Polythene M.P. the exporter should produce evidence to the satisfaction of Collector of Customs that a quantity of 105 Kg. of polythene M.P. has been imported by the manufacturer of the articles for each 100 Kg. of products exported within a period of eighteen months immediately preceding the date of such exportation and that this quantity of imported Polythene M.P. has not been accounted for in the manner prescribed in the foregoing proviso and provided that the exporter furnishes a certificate from the manufacturer of the articles in support of the claim made by the exporter—

- (b) without 'Set-off' Eighty-seven rupees and thirty-five naye paise per quintal.

[No. 9/F. No. 34(1)/28/62-Cus.IV.]

J. BANERJEE, Dy. Secy.

## (Department of Revenue)

## CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1963

**G.S.R. 183.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 3 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government hereby fixes for Squirrel Cage Motors, being totally enclosed Motors of the horizontal type, chargeable with duty under sub-item (2) of Item No. 30 of the First Schedule to the said Act, the horse power of which is specified in column 2 of the Schedule hereto annexed, tariff values specified in the corresponding entries in columns 3, 4, 5 and 6 thereof according to the synchronous speed indicated by the abbreviation R.P.M. (Revolutions Per Minute).

## SCHEDULE

Item No. under First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 under which the article is chargeable.	Horse power of electric motor	Synchronous Speed and Tariff Values			
		Not exceeding 760 RPM	Exceeding 750 but not exceeding 1000 RPM	Exceeding 1000 RPM but not exceeding 1500 RPM	Exceeding 1500 RPM but not exceeding 3000 RPM
		Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
30(2)(ii)	(i) Exceeding 20 H.P. but not exceeding 25 H.P. .	3750	2900	2050	2500
	(ii) Exceeding 25 H.P. but not exceeding 30 H.P. .	4600	3700	2350	3500
	(iii) Exceeding 30 H.P. but not exceeding 35 H.P. .	5500	4000	2900	4300
	(iv) Exceeding 35 H.P. but not exceeding 40 H.P. .	6100	4600	3400	4500
	(v) Exceeding 40 H.P. but not exceeding 45 H.P. .	7150	5600	3800	5400
	(vi) Exceeding 45 H.P. but not exceeding 50 H.P. .	8600	6200	3900	5500
	(vii) Exceeding 50 H.P. but not exceeding 55 H.P. .	9150	8400	4750	6850
	(viii) Exceeding 55 H.P. but not exceeding 60 H.P. .	9800	8600	5600	8800
	(ix) Exceeding 60 H.P. but not exceeding 70 H.P. .	11000	8800	6550	10100
	(x) Exceeding 70 H.P. but not exceeding 75 H.P. .	11600	9100	7500	11150
	(xi) Exceeding 75 H.P. but not exceeding 90 H.P. .	12500	10100	8200	12700
	(xii) Exceeding 90 H.P. but not exceeding 100 H.P. .	13100	10900	8900	13700

**Explanation.**—The horse power is equivalent to 0.7457 kilowatts. The rating shall be the continuous maximum rating in accordance with Indian Standard Specification No. 325—1959.

[No. 15/63.]

**G.S.R. 184.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 3 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government hereby fixes for Squirrel Cage Motors, other than totally enclosed Motors of the horizontal type, chargeable with duty under sub-item (2) of Item No. 30 of the First Schedule to the said Act, the horse power of which is specified in column 2 of the Schedule hereto annexed, tariff values specified in the corresponding entries in columns 3, 4, 5 and 6 thereof according to the synchronous speed indicated by the abbreviation R.P.M. (Revolutions Per Minute).

## SCHEDULE

Item No. under First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 under which the article is chargeable	Horse Power of electric motor	Synchronous Speed and Tariff values			
		Not exceeding 750 RPM	Exceeding 750 but not exceeding 1000 RPM	Exceeding 1000 RPM but not exceeding 1500 RPM	Exceeding 1500 RPM but not exceeding 3000 RPM
		Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
30 (2) (ii)	(i) Exceeding 20 H.P. but not exceeding 25 H.P. .	2200	1850	1450	1600
	(ii) Exceeding 25 H.P. but not exceeding 30 H.P. .	2600	2200	1600	1850
	(iii) Exceeding 30 H.P. but not exceeding 35 H.P. .	3150	2350	1800	2050
	(iv) Exceeding 35 H.P. but not exceeding 40 H.P. .	3600	2700	1900	2300
	(v) Exceeding 40 H.P. but not exceeding 45 H.P. .	4000	2900	2300	2600
	(vi) Exceeding 45 H.P. but not exceeding 50 H.P. .	4200	3200	2600	2850
	(vii) Exceeding 50 H.P. but not exceeding 55 H.P. .	5000	3700	2800	3750
	(viii) Exceeding 55 H.P. but not exceeding 60 H.P. .	5800	4600	3400	4200
	(ix) Exceeding 60 H.P. but not exceeding 70 H.P. .	6000	5050	4000	5000
	(x) Exceeding 70 H.P. but not exceeding 75 H.P. .	6850	5300	4200	5200
	(xi) Exceeding 75 H.P. but not exceeding 90 H.P. .	6900	6300	4400	5800
	(xii) Exceeding 90 H.P. but not exceeding 100 H.P.	8050	6700	4600	7000

**Explanation.**—The horse power is equivalent to 0.7457 kilowatts. The rating shall be the continuous maximum rating in accordance with Indian Standard Specification No. 325—1959.

[No. 16/63.]

**G.S.R. 185.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 3 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government hereby fixes for Slipring Motors, being totally enclosed Motors of the horizontal type, chargeable with duty under sub-item (2) of Item No. 30 of the First Schedule to the said Act, the horse power of which is specified in



column 2 of the Schedule hereto annexed, tariff values specified in the corresponding entries in columns 3, 4 and 5 thereof according to the synchronous speed indicated by the abbreviation R. P. M. (Revolutions Per Minute).

### SCHEDULE

Item No. under First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act under which the article is chargeable	Horse power of electric motor	Synchronous Speed and Tariff Values		
		Not exceeding 750 RPM	Exceeding 750 but not exceeding 1000 RPM	Exceeding 1000 RPM but not exceeding 1500 RPM
		Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor
1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
30(2)(ii)	(i) Exceeding 20 H. P. but not exceeding 25 H.P. . . . .	6,350	4,500	3,900
	(ii) Exceeding 25 H.P. but not exceeding 30 H.P. . . . .	7,500	5,600	4,500
	(iii) Exceeding 30 H.P. but not exceeding 35 H.P. . . . .	7,800	6,200	4,800
	(iv) Exceeding 35 H.P. but not exceeding 40 H.P. . . . .	9,850	6,750	6,000
	(v) Exceeding 40 H.P. but not exceeding 45 H.P. . . . .	9,900	7,800	6,100
	(vi) Exceeding 45 H.P. but not exceeding 50 H.P. . . . .	10,700	10,000	6,200
	(vii) Exceeding 50 H.P. but not exceeding 60 H.P. . . . .	11,900	10,000	7,100
	(viii) Exceeding 60 H.P. but not exceeding 70 H.P. . . . .	13,000	10,100	11,500
	(ix) Exceeding 70 H.P. but not exceeding 75 H.P. . . . .	13,500	10,200	12,200
	(x) Exceeding 75 H.P. but not exceeding 90 H.P. . . . .	16,500	11,000	12,200
	(xi) Exceeding 90 H.P. but not exceeding 100 H.P. . . . .	17,600	11,100	12,200

Explanation.—The horse power is equivalent to 0.7457 kilowatts. The rating shall be the continuous maximum rating in accordance with Indian Standard Specification No. 325—1959.

[No. 17/63.]

G.S.R. 186.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 3 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), the Central Government hereby fixes for Slipring Motors, other than totally enclosed Motors of the horizontal type, chargeable with duty under sub-item (2) of Item No. 30 of the First Schedule to the said Act, the horse power of which is specified in column 2 of the Schedule hereto annexed, tariff values specified in the corres-

ponding entries in columns 3, 4 and 5 thereof according to the synchronous speed indicated by the abbreviation R.P.M. (Revolutions Per Minute).

## SCHEDULE

Item No. under First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act under which the article is chargeable	Horse power of electric motor	Synchronous Speed and Tariff Values		
		Not exceed- ing 750 RPM	Exceeding 750 but not exceeding 1000 RPM	Exceeding 1000 RPM but not exceeding 1500 RPM
		Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor	Tariff value per motor
I	2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
30(2)(ii)	(i) Exceeding 20 H.P. but not exceeding 25 H.P. . . . .	3,850	3,150	2,600
	(ii) Exceeding 25 H.P. but not exceeding 30 H.P. . . . .	4,400	3,400	2,950
	(iii) Exceeding 30 H.P. but not exceeding 35 H.P. . . . .	4,900	4,000	3,050
	(iv) Exceeding 35 H.P. but not exceeding 40 H.P. . . . .	5,400	4,450	3,250
	(v) Exceeding 40 H.P. but not exceeding 45 H.P. . . . .	6,350	5,400	3,600
	(vi) Exceeding 45 H.P. but not exceeding 50 H.P. . . . .	6,500	5,500	3,800
	(vii) Exceeding 50 H.P. but not exceeding 55 H.P. . . . .	6,600	5,500	4,200
	(viii) Exceeding 55 H.P. but not exceeding 60 H.P. . . . .	8,000	6,500	4,600
	(ix) Exceeding 60 H.P. but not exceeding 70 H.P. . . . .	9,000	6,900	5,450
	(x) Exceeding 70 H.P. but not exceeding 75 H.P. . . . .	9,100	7,400	5,750
	(xi) Exceeding 75 H.P. but not exceeding 90 H.P. . . . .	11,300	7,900	6,600
	(xii) Exceeding 90 H.P. but not exceeding 100 H.P. . . . .	11,900	9,100	7,100

**Explanation.**—The horse power is equivalent to 0.7457 kilowatts. The rating shall be the continuous maximum rating in accordance with Indian Standard Specification No. 325—1959.

[No. 18/63.]

L. M. KAUL, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1963

**G.S.R. 187.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government hereby exempts cotton yarn falling under Item No. 18A of the First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944) contained in fents produced by factories

working under special procedure laid down in Rule 96-V as specified in column 2 of the Table below from so much of the duty leviable thereon as is in excess of the duty specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 thereof:—

TABLE

S. No.	Description	Duty
1	2	3
		<i>Naye Paise per Kg.</i>
1.	Cotton yarn contained in fents of Superfine fabrics.	27.00
2.	Cotton yarn contained in fents of Fine fabrics.	18.00
3.	Cotton yarn contained in fents of Medium 'A' and 'B' fabrics.	13.50
4.	Cotton yarn contained in fents of coarse fabrics.	10.00

2. This notification shall be deemed to have taken effect from the 15th September, 1962.

[No. 14/63/F. No. 31/68/62-CXII.]  
L. S. MARTHANDAM, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

(Department of Company Law Administration)

*New Delhi, the 23rd January 1963*

**G.S.R. 188.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 594 of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Company Law Administration) S.R.O. 3216 dated the 4th October, 1957 (hereinafter referred to as the notification), the Central Government hereby directs that, in the case of the Habib Insurance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the company), being a foreign company, the requirements of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of the said section 594 as modified in their application to a foreign company by the said notification, shall apply subject to the following further exceptions and modifications, namely:—

It shall be deemed to be sufficient compliance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of the said section 594, if the balance sheet and profit and loss account prepared in terms of clause (1) of the said notification in respect of the Company's financial years ended the 31st December, 1961 and onwards are audited by the auditors of the company in the country of its incorporation.

[No. F. 14(21)-CL.VI/62.]

N. PARASURAMAN, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

*New Delhi, the 21st January 1963*

**G.S.R. 189.**—In pursuance to the provisions of rule 45 of the Fundamental Rules, the President hereby makes the following further amendment to the Supplementary Rules issued with the Government of India Finance Department letter No. 104-C.S.R., dated the 4th February, 1922, namely:—

In Division XXVI-O of Part VIII of the said rules, in the Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research (Allotment of Residence) Rules, 1962, after rule 317-0-14 the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“S.R. 317-0-14(A) Retention of residence during deputation abroad.

If an officer, to whom a residence is allotted, is sent abroad on training, he will be allowed to retain accommodation during the period of deputation abroad and the rent therefor shall continue to be charged at the same rate as it would have been charged had the officer not proceeded on deputation.”

[No. F. 4-24/62-Scane Instt.]

PARTAP SINGH, Under Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 21st January 1963

**G.S.R. 190.**—In pursuance of the provisions of rule 45 of the Fundamental Rules, the President is pleased to make the following rules further to amend the Indian Agricultural Research Institute (Allotment of Residences) Rules, 1960, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Agriculture) No. G.S.R. 675, dated the 7th June, 1960, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Indian Agricultural Research Institute (Allotment of Residences) Amendment Rules, 1963.
2. In the Indian Agricultural Research Institute (Allotment of Residences) Rules, 1960,—(1) in “S.R. 317-J-5 Reserved residences”, for the existing Schedule and the Notes occurring thereunder, the following Schedule and Notes shall be substituted, namely:—

“Schedule”

(Reservation of houses)

Particulars of the Houses	Designation of Officers for whom reserved
<b>B-8</b>	Director.
<b>B-1 to 7 and 9 to 16</b>	Heads of Divisions. (12)
	Dean of Post-Graduate School. (1)
	Chief Soil Survey Officer. (1)
	Registrar. (1)
<b>B-16</b>	Controller of Gamma Garden.
<b>B-22</b>	Deputy Registrar.
<b>B-32</b>	Warden, Post-Graduate Students Hostels.
<b>C-36 (bigger)</b>	Garden Superintendent.
<b>C-38 (bigger)</b>	Accounts Officer.
<b>C-25 (reduced)</b>	Farm Superintendent, Agronomy Division.
<b>C-26 (reduced)</b>	Officer-in-charge of Botany Division Farm.
<b>C-27 (reduced)</b>	Medical Officer, Indian Agricultural Research Institute Dispensary.
<b>DII/4 (Flat)</b>	Assistant Warden, Post-Graduate School Hostels.
<b>D-Type Qr. No. 1</b>	Estate Manager.
<b>D-Type Qr. No. 12</b>	P.A. to Director.
<b>D-Type Qr. No. 16</b>	Gamma Garden Foreman.
<b>D-Type Qr. No. 18</b>	Photographer.
<b>D-Type Qr. No. 42</b>	Officer-in-charge of Dairy.
<b>D-Type Qr. No. 43</b>	Farm Overseer.
<b>E-Type Qr. No. 1</b>	Dispenser, Indian Agricultural Research Institute Dispensary.

Particulars of the Houses	Designation of Officers for whom reserved
E-Type Qr. No. 23	Estate Overseer.
E-Type Qr. No. 88	Farm Store Keeper.
Type II-A Qrs. (Six)	For Lady employees.

NOTE 1.—Officers who are entitled to the particular reserved houses in accordance with this Schedule may be given first priority for allotment of residences in the categories to which they are entitled and may be allowed to occupy the houses earmarked for them as and when such houses fall vacant.

NOTE 2.—The occupants of reserved houses will be required to vacate their residences on transfer, promotion or reversion to posts with which no houses are attached. Alternative accommodation in the category to which the incumbent becomes entitled on transfer, promotion or reversion, may be allotted to him if available, otherwise allotment may be made to him in the next below category giving him overriding priority in both the categories, provided he has been in authorised occupation of reserved house for not less than two years.

NOTE 3.—Specific numbers of the quarters have not been shown in respect of Type II-A, Quarters, since the allotment will depend mainly upon demand for accommodation from lady employees which will vary from time to time."

(ii) after clause No. SR. 317-J.17, the following new clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"SR. 317-J-17A. *Retention of residences during the period of deputation abroad.*—If an officer sent abroad on training is allowed to retain accommodation during the period of deputation abroad the rent thereof should continue to be charged at the same rate at which it would have been recovered had the officer not proceeded on deputation."

[No. F. 22-240/60-Instt.I.]

R. M. L. VAISH, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

(Department of Transport)

(Transport Wing)

PORTS

New Delhi, the 22nd January 1963

G.S.R. 191.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 read with clause (b) of section 6 of the Madras Outports Landing and Shipping Fees Act, 1885 (Madras Act 3 of 1885), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment with effect from the 1st March, 1963 in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport and Communications, Department of Transport (Transport Wing), No. G.S.R. 937, dated the 6th August, 1960, published in the Gazette of India, dated the 13th August, 1960, namely:—

In the schedule to the said notification, in item 38, for the entry in column 2 'Fish, raw, salt, dried' the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"Fish, raw, salt, dried, if the quantity of fish brought in a trip exceeds half a tonne (500 Kgs)".

[No. F. 17-PG(43)/61-I.]

G.S.R. 192.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), the Central Government hereby

makes the following rule further to amend the Vizagapatam Port Rules and Scales of Rates levied on vessels entering the Port of Vizagapatam, namely:—

For rule 13 of the Vizagapatam Port Rules and Scales of Rates, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“13. The following charges shall be levied on small Fishing Craft which occupy shallow water berths or anchorages outside the deep water commercial berth areas:—

- |                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| (a) Berth hire    | For each craft Rs. 2.50 nP. per day or part thereof subject to a maximum charge of Rs. 50 per month. |
| (b) Pilotage Fees | Nil.”  |

[No. F. 17-PG(43)/61-II.]

HARBANS SINGH, Under Secy.

### (Department of Transport)

#### MERCHANT SHIPPING

*New Delhi, the 25th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 193.**—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 356 read with section 458 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958) and in supersession of the Indian Merchant Shipping (Distress Messages and Navigational Warnings) Rules, 1934, is hereby published as required by the said section 356 for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the fifth day of March 1963.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be taken into consideration by the Central Government.

#### DRAFT RULES

**1. Short title, commencement and application.**—(1) These rules may be called the Merchant Shipping (Distress Messages and Navigational Warnings) Rules, 1963.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

(3) They shall apply to—

- (a) Indian vessels wherever they may be;
- (b) other vessels whilst they are within India, including the territorial waters thereof.

**2. Urgency Signal.**—(1) The urgency signal shall be used in cases where a vessel has a very urgent message to transmit concerning the safety of the vessel or of a person on board the vessel or within sight, but not in cases where the vessel is threatened by grave and imminent danger and requires immediate assistance.

(2) The urgency signal consists of—

- (a) when sent by radiotelegraphy, three repetitions of the group XXX in the Morse Code with the letters of each group and those of the successive groups clearly separated from each other, and
- (b) when sent by radiotelephone, the spoken word “PAN” (pronounced as the French word “PANNE”) repeated three times.

(3) The signal shall precede the message which it is desired to transmit.

3. **Safety Signal.**—(1) The safety signal shall be used when reporting any danger to navigation such as dangerous ice, a dangerous derelict, a tropical storm or when giving important meteorological warnings.

(2) The safety signal consists of—

(a) when sent by radiotelegraphy, three repetitions of the group "TTT" in the Morse Code with the letters of each group and those of the successive groups clearly separated from each other, and

(b) when sent by radiotelephone, the spoken word "SECURITE" (pronounced "SAYCURITAY") repeated 3 times.

(3) The safety signal shall precede the messages which it is desired to transmit

4. **Distress Signal.**—(1) The distress signal shall be used or displayed when a vessel or an aircraft or other vehicle on the water is threatened by grave and imminent danger and requires immediate assistance.

(2) The distress signal may be used or displayed in any one or more of the following ways, namely:—

(a) a gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute;

(b) a continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus;

(c) rockets or shells, throwing red stars fired one at a time at short intervals;

(d) a signal made by radiotelegraphy or by any other signalling method consisting of the group . . . . . (S.O.S.) in the Morse Code:

When sent by radiotelegraphy, the distress signal consists of three repetitions of the group SOS in the Morse Code transmitted as a single signal in which the dashes are emphasised so as to be distinguished clearly from the dots.

(e) a signal sent by radiotelephony, consisting of three repetitions of the spoken word "Mayday";

(f) the International Code signal of distress indicated by N.C.;

(g) a signal consisting of a square flag having above or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball;

(h) flames on the vessel (as from a burning tar barrel, oil barrel, etc.);

(i) a rocket parachute flare showing a red light.

(3) The Distress Signal shall precede the Distress Call and Message.

(4) The use of the distress signal in any one of the ways specified in sub-rule (2) except for the purpose mentioned in sub-rule (1), or the use of any signal which is likely to be confused with the distress signal in one of the ways referred to in sub-rule (2) is prohibited.

5. **Revocation of Distress Signal.**—If, after sending out any distress signal by means of radio, the Master of the vessel which controlled the distress traffic subsequently finds that assistance is no longer required, he shall immediately send out a message notifying that assistance is no longer required and normal working may be resumed.

6. **Prohibition of misuse of Signals.**—(1) The urgency signal or the distress signal shall not be used by any vessel without the authority of the Master of the vessel.

(2) The Master of a vessel shall not order the use of the distress signal unless he is satisfied—

(a) that his vessel is threatened by grave and imminent danger, or that another vessel, aircraft or other vehicle is so threatened and cannot of itself send that signal; and

(b) that the vessel in danger whether his own vessel or another vessel, aircraft or other vehicle, as the case may be, requires immediate assistance in addition to any assistance then available to her.

**7. Transmission of Navigational Warnings.**—(1) The Master of a vessel shall, on meeting with dangerous ice, a dangerous derelict, a tropical storm or any other direct danger to navigation, send by all means of communication at his disposal, information relating to the matters set forth in the Schedule to these rules.

(2) Such information shall be sent to vessels in the vicinity and to the person in charge for the time being of the nearest coast station with which it is possible for the vessel to communicate. If that station is not a coast radio station, the information shall be accompanied by a request that it be sent forthwith to the nearest coast radio station. Such information may be addressed to all stations if necessary.

(3) Such information shall be sent in English or by means of the 1931 International Code of Signals (Volume II for Radio Signalling).

(4) Such information, when sent by means of radio, shall commence with an indication of the nature of the danger to which it relates and shall be preceded by the "Safety Signal".

**8. Speed of Transmission.**—(1) When transmitted by radiotelegraphy in the Morse Code, the speed of transmission of any message preceded by the distress, urgency or safety signal shall not in general exceed sixteen words per minute.

(2) When transmitted by radiotelephony, transmissions shall be made slowly and distinctly each word being clearly pronounced to facilitate transcription.

**9. Penalty.**—Whoever commits a breach of any of these rules shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

#### SCHEDULE

[See rule 7(1)]

**A. On meeting with dangerous ice, a dangerous derelict or any other direct danger to navigation (except a tropical storm), the Master shall send information relating to the following matters, namely:—**

- (i) the kind of ice, derelict or other danger observed;
- (ii) the position of the ice, derelict or other danger when the observation was made;
- (iii) The Greenwich Mean Time and date when the observation was made.

**B. On meeting with a tropical storm, the Master of the vessel shall send information relating to the following matters, namely:**

- (i) the position of the storm as far as it can be ascertained, together with the Greenwich Mean Time and the date when the observation was made;
- (ii) the position, the true course and the speed of the reporting vessel when the observation was made; and  
so far as is practicable—
- (iii) the barometric pressure with an indication as to whether such pressure is given in millibars, inches or millimeters and as to whether the reading is corrected or uncorrected;
- (iv) the change in barometric pressure during the previous three hours;
- (v) the wind force according to the Beaufort Scale;
- (vi) the true direction of the wind;
- (vii) the state of the sea (smooth, moderate, rough or high);
- (viii) the swell (slight, moderate, heavy) and the true direction from which it comes;
- (ix) the period or length of the swell (short, average or long).

**NOTE.**—In cases where information has been furnished by the Master of a vessel regarding a tropical storm, it is desirable that so long as the vessel remains subject to the influence of the storm, other observations be made and transmitted hourly if possible, but in any case, at intervals of not more than three hours.



**G.S.R. 194.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (h) of sub-section (2) of section 288 and section 344 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 (44 of 1958) and in supersession of all previous rules and orders on the subject, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 288 of the said Act, namely:—

**1. Short title and Commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Life-boatmen's (Qualifications and Certificates) Rules, 1963.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

**2. Definitions.**—In these rules—

(a) 'Appendix' means an Appendix to these rules;

(b) 'Life Saving Appliances Rules' means the rules for the time being in force prescribing the Life Saving Appliances to be carried by Indian ships going to sea;

(c) 'Principal Officer' means the Principal Officer of the Mercantile Marine Department of the district concerned.

**3. Lifeboatmen to be certificated.**—Any person who has passed the examination held in accordance with these rules shall be granted a certificate of efficiency as a lifeboatman.

**4. Time and place of examination.**—(1) The examination shall be conducted by a Nautical Surveyor, a Principal Officer, or any Pilot or other person who possesses a certificate of competency as Master of a foreign-going ship and who is specially authorised in this behalf by the Principal Officer at the port of Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Vizagapatnam or Cochin.

(2) The date on which, and the time and place at which, the examination shall be held shall be published on the notice board in the office of the Mercantile Marine Department concerned.

**5. Eligibility.**—No person shall be eligible to appear for the examination unless he—

(a) is not less than 18 years of age;

(b) is free from any physical or mental disability which would render him unfit for discharging the duties of a lifeboatman; and

(c) has had service at sea for not less than six months.

**6. Application for examination.**—Every candidate for the examination shall apply in the form set out in Appendix 'A' to the officer in charge, Mercantile Marine Department, at the port at which he desires to be examined. Every such application shall be accompanied by the Continuous Discharge Certificate of the candidate or other document evidencing his sea service.

**7. Application by shipowner, etc.**—(1) Where the owner, agent or master of a ship or a shipping company desires that the members of the crew of a ship should be examined, the owner, agent or master or the company shall fill in the application forms on behalf of the members of the crew and shall be responsible for the correctness of the statements made in the applications.

(2) Where the members of the crew of a ship are to be examined not less than 10 members of the crew or such other number as the Principal Officer or the Surveyor in charge of the Mercantile Marine Department may decide, shall be examined.

(3) The boat and other equipment required for the conduct of the examination shall be provided by the owner, agent or master of the ship or the shipping company concerned, and operation of swinging out and the lowering of the boat shall be under the supervision of the ship's officer or other person appointed by the owner, agent or master of the company.

**8. Obligation to wear Lifejackets.**—Every candidate for the examination shall, during the course of the examination, wear a lifejacket.

**9. Nature of examination.**—(1) The examination shall be aimed at testing the knowledge of candidates in the theory and practice of launching and handling of lifeboats and in their operation and shall consist of three parts, namely—

- (a) the equipment to be carried in lifeboats;
- (b) the operation of swinging out and lowering of boats;
- (c) the handling of the boat afloat.

(2) The order of the examination and the probable questions that may be asked thereat are set out in Appendix 'B'.

(3) During the examination, the operation of swinging the boat out from a chocked and gripped position shall be repeated several times, the respective positions of the candidates under examination being varied each time.

(4) Each candidate shall also be required to act as one of the lowerers.

**10. Nature of boats used for examination.**—The boat used for the purpose of the examination shall be a lifeboat as specified in the Life Saving Appliances Rules and shall be fully equipped and fitted with mast, sails and compass as required by those rules; the boat shall be under davits fitted with wires or cordage falls.

**11. Minimum marks for success in the examination.**—(1) Each of the three parts of the examination shall carry 5 marks and any candidate who obtains a minimum of three marks in each part and a minimum of ten marks in the aggregate shall be declared successful.

(2) The marks obtained by each successful candidate shall be entered in the mark sheet in the form set out in Appendix 'C' and the mark sheet and the application of the candidate with part 'B' thereof duly completed together with the documents in original received with the application shall be forwarded to the Principal Officer.

(3) The Principal Officer shall then cause part C of the application to be filled in and forward it to the Director General of Shipping.

**12. Issue of Certificate.**—(1) The Principal Officer shall prepare in duplicate the certificate of efficiency as lifeboatman in respect of each successful candidate in the form set out in Appendix 'D'.

(2) Every successful candidate shall be required to sign his name in both the copies of the certificate in the presence of the authority delivering the certificate to him; one copy of the certificate shall be delivered to him on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 and the other shall be retained for record in the office of the Principal Officer.

(3) All documents in original received with the application shall also be returned to the candidate along with the certificate.

**13. Endorsement on Continuous Discharge Certificates.**—The Shipping Master, when so required by a seaman holding a certificate of efficiency as lifeboatman, shall endorse the fact in the Continuous Discharge Certificate of the seaman; in every such case, the Shipping Master shall also make the necessary endorsement in the Register of Continuous Discharge Certificates maintained in his office.

**14. Duplicate copy of Certificate.**—If a Certificate granted under these rules is lost, defaced or mutilated, the Principal Officer may, if he is satisfied that the loss, defacement or mutilation was caused without any fault on the part of the holder of the Certificate, issue a duplicate copy of the Certificate on payment of a fee of Re. 1:

Provided that the defaced or mutilated certificate shall be surrendered to the Principal Officer or if the duplicate certificate is granted on the ground that the original is lost, the person to whom the duplicate certificate is granted shall surrender the original to the Principal Officer if and when it is subsequently recovered.

Exn-2B.



## APPENDIX A

(See rule 6)

Issued by the  
Govt. of  
India.

Application for examination for a Certificate of Efficiency as Lifeboatman

Port of \_\_\_\_\_

## PART A

Name in full.

Particulars of Continuous Discharge Certificate or other document.

Permanent Address.

Date and place of birth.

Rank or Rating.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19.

Principal Officer,  
Mercantile Marine Department,  
\_\_\_\_\_ District.

## PART B

I have examined the seaman named above for a Certificate of Efficiency as Lifeboatman and he has passed in the examination.

failed

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 .

Signature of Examiner.

Place where examined .....

To

The Principal Officer,  
Mercantile Marine Department,  
\_\_\_\_\_ District.

## PART C

A Certificate of Efficiency No. \_\_\_\_\_ has been issued to the abovenamed seaman this day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 , and the Shipping Master at the port of \_\_\_\_\_ has been requested to endorse his Continuous Discharge Certificate accordingly.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 .

.....

Principal Officer,  
Mercantile Marine Department,  
\_\_\_\_\_ District.

Forwarded to the Director General of Shipping, Bombay.

## APPENDIX B

[See rule 9(2)]

*Order for the examination of seamen for Certificates of Efficiency as Lifeboatmen*

1. The candidates fall in standing in single line with lifejackets facing the boat. One of them is then asked to act as coxswain and to detail the crew to their various stations.

The stroke oarsman takes station abreast the stern post, the bowman abreast the stem and the lowerers opposite the falls.

2. Whilst in this position the candidates should be called out individually and questioned as to their knowledge of the details of the boat, the disengaging gear and the equipment and management of the boat.

3. Candidates may be expected to answer any of the following questions:—

How many oars are there in the boat?

What are the parts of an oar?

How are the oars stowed in the lifeboat?

How many boathooks are there?

How many axes and where kept?

How many plugs and where kept?

How much bread or biscuit should there be in the biscuit tank?

How much water should there be in the water breakers?

How to get water out of breaker?

What is the use of bailers and buckets?

How would you attract attention at night?

Show how to light red lights?

Have you any other means of attracting attention at night?

How long should the lamp burn?

What oil is to be carried?

Name parts of sails?

Which side of a boat do you attach sheet to and to what do you make sheet fast?

Where does the tack of a standing lug make fast?

Where does the tack of a dipping lug make fast?

How would you distinguish parts of sail in the dark?

What is the use of a reef? Tie a reef point.

Describe difference between standing and dipping lugs?

What would you do in the event of having to lower sail in bad weather?

What is a very important thing to remember when handling a boat under sail?

Describe the use of the sea anchor?

Describe the use of an oil bag?

How would you bring a boat head to sea?

Which gripes would you let go first when about to swing a boat out?

Before lowering a boat, what is important to see to?

When a boat is lowered in the water which tackle do you let go first?

If the forward tackle is let go first, what happens if ship has headway?

How would you tell number of people a boat is certified to carry?

What are lifelines for?

What is there in the boat for providing buoyancy?

What are the buoyancy tanks made of?

How would you distinguish the steering oar from the others?

Candidates to name any points of the compass, if asked.

4. *Clear Away.*—On the Coxswain giving the order "Clear away", the boat's covers and spreaders if in place are removed by the combined crew, and the bowman and stroke oarsman get into the boat. The bowman sees that the painter is clear and ready to pass to the deck, and also sees that the forward lifeline is clear. The stroke oarsman sees the after lifeline clear, ships the plug and prepares to ship the rudder or steering oar. Both these men should see that oars and boat hooks are clear and ready for use. The lowerers see that the falls are taut and properly belayed and clear for running. Other members, as detailed, release the gripes (outboard gripes first) and see that the chocks and gripes are clear, and the boat ready for turning out. The crew then return to their former positions, with the exception of the bowman and stroke oarsman.

5. *Swing out*.—At this order the boat is swung out as quickly as possible and brought square to the ship's side and the guys secured. The painter is passed forward to a suitable position and the rudder or steering oar shipped. Before the boat is lowered, the operation of swinging out from the chocked and gripped position (there is no reason to deal with covers or spreaders again) should be repeated several times. A different man should act as coxswain each time, and the positions of the other candidates should be varied.

6. *Lower Away*.—At this order, the boat is lowered, the looms of the oars being used for fending off the ship's side, care being taken that the boat is kept as near as possible on an even keel. When the boat is waterborne the remainder of the crew will take their places in the boat. The oarsmen will unhook the falls, ship outboard crutches, and toss their oars. The bowman either hauls in or slips the painter, and with the stroke oarsman shoves the boat away from the ship's side with boat hook or oar. Each member of the crew should take part in the actual lowering of the boat in turn. This can be arranged by lowering in stages.

7. *Still and Carry on*.—The order "Still" is given when, through some misunderstanding or accident, or for the purpose of instruction it is necessary to suspend operations. At this order each man stops what he is doing, retaining his position and remaining silent, and if the order is given whilst the boat is being lowered the lowerers immediately take an extra turn of the falls or belay them. At the order "Carry on", operations are resumed.

8. *Practice Afloat*.—Every candidate should be capable of descending unaided into a boat alongside the ship by means of a side ladder suspended over the ship's side.

When the boat is afloat, each member of the crew should be required to take turn in rowing, steering and giving orders also in assisting to set the sail, float the sea anchor and to bring the boat alongside.

9. *Order for leaving the ship's side*.—The order is "Let Go the Painter" "SHOVE off Forward".

**NOTE**.—When the boat is manned, see that the crew are sitting square on the thwarts facing aft.

"Toss Oars".—Oars vertical, blades fore and aft.

"Down Oars".

"Give Way Together".

10. *Orders for a Lifeboat under way under Oars*.—Candidates are required to take charge and act as Coxswain, giving the necessary orders for turning short round to port or starboard.

To turn boat short round, head to port:—

"Back Water Port".

"Give Way Starboard".

When round far enough, give the order:—

"Give Way Together" or—

"Oars".—At this order the crew take one more stroke and come to position "Oars", sitting erect, facing square aft, oars horizontal blades fore and aft and in line with gunwale.

To turn boat short round, head to starboard:—

"Back Water Starboard".

"Give Way Port".—When round far enough, give the order—

"Give Way Together" or—

11. *Orders when coming alongside*.—When about 60 yards off, give the order "Bow". The bowman tosses and boats his oar and stands by with boathook.

"Way Enough".—Crew pull one more stroke after this order and then toss oars together.

"Boat your oars".—Lay oars inboard, blades forward, and unship crutches.

With boat alongside, see all square, leaving two men in boat to hook on falls.  
Exn-3B.

## APPENDIX C

[See rule 11(2)]



Issued by the  
Govt. of  
India.

Mark Sheet for Candidates under Examination for Certificates of Efficiency  
as Lifeboatman at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_.

Serial No.	Candidate's name	Marks deducted			Marks gained	Passed or Failed
		Equipment (5 marks)	Swinging out and lowering (5 marks)	Hand- ling afloat (5 marks)		

Dated at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day \_\_\_\_\_ 19 .

Exn-1B

Examiner.



## APPENDIX D

(See rule 12)

Issued by the  
Govt. of  
India.

## CERTIFICATE OF EFFICIENCY AS LIFEBOATMAN

No. \_\_\_\_\_

Name and Description of Candidate

Name in full.

Year of Birth.

Height

ft.

in.

m.

Particulars of Continuous  
Discharge Certificate.

Colour of { Eyes  
Hair

Complexion

Distinguishing Marks

This is to certify that the above-named seaman was examined on the day of 19 , by an examiner appointed under the Lifeboatmen's (Qualifications and Certificates) Rules, 1962, and that he proved to the satisfaction of the said examiner that he has been trained in all the operations connected with launching lifeboats and the use of oars; that he is acquainted with the practical handling of the boats themselves and that he is capable of understanding and answering the orders relative to lifeboat service.

By order of the Government of India, this day of 19 .

Principal Officer,  
Mercantile Marine Department,  
District.

Signature of Seaman.

[No. 3-ML(1)/62.]

B. P. SRIVASTAVA, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

*New Delhi, the 24th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 195.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890), read with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce and Industry No. 801, dated the 24th March, 1905, the Railway Board hereby make the following rules further to amend the general rules for all open lines of Railways in India administered by the Government, published with the notification of the Government of India, in the late Railway Department (Railway Board) No. 1078-T, dated the 9th March, 1929, namely:—

In part I of the said rules—

The existing rule 31A shall be renumbered as sub-rule (i) of that rule and after the sub-rule so renumbered, the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“(ii) The Railway Board may, by special order, sanction the installation of two-aspect upper quadrant signals at specified stations. Where such signals are installed, the stations shall be worked under approved special instructions.”

[No. 62-TTV/29/28.]

*New Delhi, the 26th January 1963*

**G.S.R. 196.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890), read with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce and

Industry No. 801, dated the 24th March, 1905, the Railway Board, with the previous sanction of the Central Government, hereby make the following amendments in the general rules for all open lines of railways in India administered by the Government published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Railway Department (Railway Board) No. 1078-T, dated 9th March, 1929, namely:—

In part I of the said rules, in rule 14,—

- (i) sub-rule (c) shall be omitted and sub-rules (d), (e) and (f) shall be re-lettered as (c), (d) and (e) respectively;
- (ii) in sub-rule (c) as so re-lettered the words "or revolving disc" shall be omitted;
- (iii) for the notes to sub-rule (d) as so re-lettered the following notes shall be substituted, namely:—

"NOTE 1.—The day and night indications of colour light shunting signals shall be the same as the night indications of the Miniature Semaphore shunting signals.

NOTE 2.—The shunting signals may either be placed on a separate post or be fixed on the same post as and below the arm of Starters, Home and Routing signals.

NOTE 3.—The shunting signals when fixed on the same post as and below the arm of a Stop signal may show no light at all when in the 'on' position."

[No. 62-TT/V/29/8.]

P. C. MATHEW, Secy.

## MINISTRY OF LABOUR & EMPLOYMENT

*New Delhi the 23rd January 1963*

**G.S.R. 197.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (e) and (f) of section 58 of the Mines Act, 1952 (35 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment to the Coal Mines Pit-head Bath Rules, 1959, the same having been previously published and referred to every Mining Board concerned as required by sub-sections (1) and (4) of section 59 of the said Act, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Coal Mines Pit-head Bath (Amendment) Rules, 1963.
2. In proviso (iv) to rule 3 of the Coal Mines Pit-head Bath Rules, 1959, the words and letters, "of category 'A' or 'B'" shall be omitted.

[No. 34/3/62-MII.]

-R. C. SAKSENA, Under Secy.



# MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

## CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 2nd February, 1963

**G.S.R. 198.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 79 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules to amend the Passengers (Non-Tourist) Baggage Rules, 1960 issued with the notification of the Central Board of Revenue No. 122-Customs dated the 19th November, 1960, namely:—

1 These rules may be called the Passengers (Non-Tourist) Baggage (Amendment) Rules, 1963.

2. In the Passengers (Non-Tourist) Baggage Rules, 1960,—

- (i) in the preamble, the words "in the Portuguese possessions in India, or" shall be omitted;
- (ii) the existing rule 4 shall be re-numbered as sub-rule (1) thereof and after the sub-rule as so re-numbered, the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"(2) Such instruments, apparatus or appliances, as are specially designed for use in the profession or calling followed by a passenger and which any person following the same profession or calling would usually carry with him in his professional tour when imported by the passenger as part of his *bona fide* baggage may be allowed to be imported free of import duty leviable thereon;

Provided that the instruments, apparatus or appliances—

- (i) have been actually used by the passenger before the importation thereof; and
- (ii) shall not be sold, exchanged or given away as gift after the importation thereof".

[No. 21.]

**G.S.R. 199.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 79 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules to amend the Tourist Baggage Rules, 1958, issued with the notification of the Central Board of Revenue No. 225 Customs dated the 3rd August, 1958, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Tourist Baggage (Amendment) Rules, 1963.

2. In the Tourist Baggage Rules 1958,—

- (i) the words "or the State of Pondicherry" wherever they occur, shall be omitted;
- (ii) in sub-rule (3) of rule 1, the words "and the Portuguese possessions in India" shall be omitted;
- (iii) in rule 3, after sub-rule (1), the following sub-rule shall be inserted, re-numbering the existing sub-rule (2) as sub-rule (3) thereof, namely:—

"(2) subject to all the conditions specified in sub-rule (1), such instruments, apparatus or appliances, as are specially designed for use in the profession or calling followed by the tourist and which any person following the same profession or calling would usually carry with him in his professional tour, may be allowed to be imported temporarily free of import duty leviable thereon.

**Note.**—The instruments, apparatus or appliances must have been actually used by the tourist before the importation thereof."

- (iv) in rule 5, the words "or the said State" shall be omitted.

[No. 22.]

**G.S.R. 200.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts the following articles (goods) when imported into India from so much of the customs duty as is leviable thereon under section 2A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), namely:—

1. Sugar.
2. Coffee.
3. Tea.
4. Tobacco.
5. Motor Spirit.
6. Kerosene.
7. Vegetable Product.
8. Soap.
9. Tyres.
10. Cement, all varieties.
11. Silver.
12. Steel ingots.
13. Footwear.
14. Matches.

*Note.*—For the purposes of this notification the goods specified above shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944).

[No. 23.]

**G.S.R. 201.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts the following articles, when imported into India from so much of the customs duty as is leviable thereon under section 2A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), namely:—

1. Liqueurs, cordials, mixtures and other preparations containing spirit, not otherwise specified, entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested, falling under Item No. 22(4)(b)(i) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).
2. Drugs and medicines containing spirit entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested, falling under Item No. 22(5)(b)(i) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).
3. Cigarette paper in rolls and bobbins falling under Item No. 44(1) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).
4. Articles falling under Items Nos. 47(8), 48(1), 48(10), 49, 49(1) and 51(3) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).

[No. 24.]

**G.S.R. 202.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby directs that the notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) or, as the case may be, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), specified in column (2) of the Table hereto annexed, shall be amended in the manner specified in column (3) of the said Table.

TABLE

Sl. No.	Customs Notification Numbers	Amendment
1	2	3
1.	42 dated the 31st May, 1953	For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon in respect of the said items", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted
2.	24 dated the 27th February 1954	For the words, figures and brackets "each of the articles specified in column 3 of the Schedule hereto annexed when imported into India from the whole of the duty leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934) in respect of the items specified in column 2 of the said Schedule", the words, figures and brackets "each of the articles specified in the third column of the Schedule hereto annexed and falling under the item of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934) specified in the corresponding entry in the second column of the Schedule hereto annexed, when imported into India from the whole of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.
3.	162 dated the 30th September, 1955. 163 dated the 1st October, 1955	The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.  For the words "from the whole of the duty of customs leviable thereon in respect of the said item under the second mentioned Act", the words "from the whole of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.
4.	167 dated the 15th October, 1955	The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.  For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon in respect of the said item under the last mentioned Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the duty of customs leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.
5.	120 dated the 1st December, 1956	The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.  For the portion "when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry— (a) from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), in respect of the items specified in column 2 of the said Schedule as is in excess of—", the following shall be substituted, namely :— "and falling under the Item of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934) specified in column (2) of the Schedule hereto annexed, when imported into India— (a) from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule as is in excess of—".

1

2

3

6. 89 dated the 16th May, 1957 . The words "as in force in India and as applied to the  
103 dated the 16th May, 1957 State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondi-  
79 dated the 16th June, 1962 chery" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon in respect of the said item", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

7. 93 dated the 16th May, 1957 . The words "as in force in India and as applied to the  
110 dated the 30th September, State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondi-  
1961, chery" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon in respect of the said item", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

8. 124 dated the 7th June, 1957 . The words "as in force in India and as applied to the  
State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondi-  
chery" shall be omitted.

For the words "so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon in respect of the said item under the last mentioned Act", the words "so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

For the words "the whole of the duty leviable thereon in respect of the said item", the words "the whole of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

9. 197 dated the 31st August, 1957 . The words "as in force in India and as applied to the  
State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondi-  
chery" shall be omitted.

For the words "so much of the customs duty leviable thereon in respect of the said item", the words "so much of that portion of customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

For the words "the whole of the customs duty leviable thereon in respect of the said item", the words "the whole of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

10. 209 dated the 18th September, 1957 . The words "as in force in India and as applied to the  
the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of  
Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon in respect of the said item under the second mentioned Act, the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

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11. 264 dated the 11th October, 1958

The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon in respect of the said items under the last mentioned Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

12. 26 dated the 12th March, 1960

The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the second mentioned Act in respect of the items specified in column (2) of the said Schedule", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

13. 61 dated the 18th June, 1960

The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the customs duty specified against the said item", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

14. 18 dated the 1st March, 1961

The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the second mentioned Act in respect of that item", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

15. 95 dated the 2nd September, 1961

The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon in respect of the said item under the second mentioned Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

16. 54 dated the 24th April, 1962

The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" and "or the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "from the whole of the customs duty leviable thereon in respect of the said item under the second mentioned Act", the words "from the whole of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

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- 17 86 dated the 26th June, 1962 . The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" shall be omitted.

For the words "figures and brackets" each of the articles specified in column (3) of the Schedule hereto annexed, when imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon, in respect of the items specified in the corresponding entry in column (2) of the said Schedule, under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), the words "each of the articles specified in column (3) of the Schedule hereto annexed and falling under the item of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), specified in column (2) of the schedule hereto annexed when imported into India from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified under the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

[No. 25.]

**G.S.R. 203.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160, of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby directs that the notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) or, as the case may be, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), specified in column (2) of the Table hereto annexed, shall be amended in the manner specified in column (3) of the said Table.

TABLE

Serial No.	Customs Notification No.	Amendment
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	94 dated the 28th November, 1953	<p>(i) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the said Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted;</p> <p>(ii) The words "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted.</p>
2.	168 dated the 18th December, 1954.	<p>(i) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the last mentioned Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted;</p> <p>(ii) The words "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" wherever they occur, shall be omitted.</p>

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3. 74 dated the 16th May, 1957 . (i) The words (a) "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry"; (b) "or the State of Pondicherry"; and (c) "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India", wherever they occur, shall be omitted.  
(ii) For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.
4. 85 dated the 16th May, 1957 . (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted.  
(ii) For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.
5. 307 dated the 21st December, 1957 (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted.  
(ii) For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon", the words, figures and brackets "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 ( 32 of 1934)" shall be substituted.
6. 48 dated the 15th February, 1958 (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted.  
(ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon", the words, figures and brackets "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)" shall be substituted.
7. 84 dated the 1st March, 1958. . (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted.  
(ii) For the words "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the last mentioned Act", the words, "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

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8. 141 dated the 10th May, 1958. . (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted.
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon", the words, figures and brackets "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)" shall be substituted.
9. 137 dated the 10th May, 1958 . (i) The words, (a) "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry"; (b) "or the State of Pondicherry"; and (c) "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" in the two places in the Schedule annexed to the notification where they occur, shall be omitted.
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the latter Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.
10. 147 dated the 10th May, 1958 . (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry", and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted :
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon", the words, figures and brackets "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon", which is specified in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)" shall be substituted.
11. 257 dated the 11th October, 1958 (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted;
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon", the words, figures and brackets "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)" shall be substituted.
12. 19 dated the 1st March, 1961 . (i) The words (a) "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", (b) "or the State of Pondicherry", and (c) "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty", in the two places in the Schedule annexed to the notification wherever they occur, shall be omitted ;



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- (ii) For the words, figures and brackets "from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)" the words, figures and brackets "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)" shall be substituted.

13 35 dated the 22nd March, 1961

- (i) The words, (a) "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry" (b) "or the State of Pondicherry", and (c) "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty", wherever they occur, shall be omitted;
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the last mentioned Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

14 36 dated the 23rd March, 1961

- (i) The words "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", "or the State of Pondicherry" and "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" shall be omitted;
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the customs duty, leviable thereon under the second mentioned Act" the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

15 80 dated the 13th June, 1962

- (i) The words, (a) "as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry", (b) "or the State of Pondicherry", (c) "plus the excise duty for the time being leviable on like articles if produced or manufactured in India, and where such duty is leviable at different rates, the highest duty" wherever they occur, shall be omitted.
- (ii) For the words "from so much of the duty of customs leviable thereon under the latter Act", the words "from so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule" shall be substituted.

[No. 28.]

**G.S.R. 204.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 53-Customs, dated the 24th April, 1962, the Central Government being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts articles specified in column 2 of the Schedule below, when imported into India, from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon as is specified in column 3 of the said Schedule.

## THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Name of article	Extent of exemption
1	2	3
1	Cast iron pipes and tubes falling under Item No. 63(6) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)	5 per cent <i>ad valorem</i>
2	Iron or steel pipes and tubes falling under Item No. 63(17) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)	5 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
3	Iron or steel barbed or stranded wire falling under Item No. 63(24) of the first Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)	5 per cent <i>ad valorem</i>

[No. 27.]

**G.S.R. 205.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts articles falling under Item No. 63(28) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), when imported into India from so much of the customs duty as is leviable thereon under section 2A of the second mentioned Act.

[No. 28.]

**G.S.R. 206.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 7-Customs, dated the 5th January, 1963, namely:—

In the said notification, the words, figures and brackets "read with item 75(19), of the said Schedule" shall be omitted.

[No. 29.]

**G.S.R. 207.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25, read with sub-section (3) of section 160, of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 36-Customs, dated the 20th April, 1960, the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts internal combustion engines imported into India from so much of the customs duty as is leviable thereon under section 2A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934):

Provided that it is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs-collector—

- (i) that such engines are to be fitted to tractors, and
- (ii) that the tractors so fitted are to be used solely for agricultural purposes.

[No. 30.]

**G.S.R. 208.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 10-Customs, dated the 4th February, 1961, the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest

so to do, hereby exempts electric motors and internal combustion engines, which are proved to the satisfaction of the Customs-Collector to have been imported into India solely for use on aircraft, from so much of the customs duty as is leviable thereon under section 2A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934).

[No. 31.]

**G.S.R. 209.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 58-Customs, dated 24th April, 1962, the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts stainless steel plates and sheets falling under Item No. 63 (20A) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934) when imported into India, from so much of the customs duty as is leviable thereon under section 2A of the second mentioned Act.

[No. 32.]

**G.S.R. 210.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 81-Customs, dated the 6th August, 1960, the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts soya bean oil falling under Item No. 15(6) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934), when imported into India, from

- (i) so much of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule as is in excess of 10 per cent *ad valorem*, where the standard rate of duty is leviable; and
- (ii) the whole of that portion of the customs duty leviable thereon which is specified in the said First Schedule, where the preferential rate of duty is leviable.

[No. 33.]

S. VENKATESAN, Dy. Secy.

